DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY

PROGRAMME: B. SC.

Statement of Course Outcomes (COs)

B.SC. SEMESTER I

Paper - I (Life and Diversity of Animals - Nonchordates (Protozoa to Annelida))

By the end of this program, the students will acquire knowledge and they will understand the:

- General characters and classification of Protozoa, Porifera, Helminthes, Annelida.
- Structure and reproduction of Paramoecium, Plasmodium, Sycon, Obelia, Ascaris, Leech
- Life cycle of Plasmodium, Obelia, Ascaris, Taenia solium.
- Parasitic Protozoans of Man- Mode of infection and its control, parasitic adaptations in helminthes.
- Trochophore larva- significance
- Canal system in sponges, corals and coral reef formation, Vermiculture and its importance.

Paper - II Environmental Biology

By the end of this program, the students will understand the:

- Atmosphere (Hydrosphere, Lithosphere): Major zones and its importance, energy sources, Energy flow in an ecosystem.
- Ecosystem Definition and types pond ecosystem, Food chain, food web and ecological pyramids.
- Biodiversity and its conservation, causes of reduction, Hot spots in India,
 Wildlife conservation acts (1972 and 1984), national parks and sanctuaries.
- Sources, effect and control measures air pollution, water pollution, noise pollution. Toxic effects of heavy metals- Bioaccumulation and biomagnifications

PRACTICAL - I

By the end of this programme, the students will be able to

- Study and Classify Life and Diversity of Animals Nonchordates with the help of museum specimens, permanent slides, diagrams, Prepare temporary and permanent slides.
- Estimate DO, free CO2, pH, total hardness of water sample.
- Study of pond ecosystem analyze plankton quantitatively.
- Observe animals in natural habitat of National park and Sanctuary.

B.Sc. Semester - II

Paper - III Life and Diversity of Animals-Nonchordates(Arthropoda to Hemichordata)

By the end of this programme, the students will be able to understand

- General characters and classification up to classes: Arthropoda , Mollusca, Echinodermata, Hemichordata
- study the Morphology and anatomy of Cockroach, Pila, Asterias, Balanoglossus.
- Insects as Vectors, Social behavior in honey bees & Pearl formation in Mollusca
 - Study the larval forms -crustacea, Mollusca, Echinoderms, Affinities of Balanoglossus.

Paper - IV Cell Biology

By the end of this programme, the students will get knowledge and they will understand the:

- Ultra structure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell, structure and function of Cell organelles.
- Oxidative phosphorylation, Glycolysis and Kreb's cycle & Electron Transport Chain and terminal oxidation.
- Giant chromosomes: Lamp-brush and polytene chromosome
- Cell cycle and Mitosis, Meiosis (different phases and significance),
- Cellular ageing and cell death, Elementary idea of cancer and its causative agents.

PRACTICAL - II

By the end of this programme, the students will be able to:

Section A

- Study and classify Life and Diversity of Nonchordates.
- · Prepare temporary and permanent slides.

Section B: Cell Biology

- Study the ultra structure of prokaryotic cell & eukaryotic cell.
- observe osmosis in human RBCs, Barr body in blood smear prepare and observe the mitotic cell division in onion root tips, meiosis in Tradescantia bud/ Grasshopper testis by squash method.
- study the salivary gland chromosome in Chironomous larva.
- prepare and observe the mitochondria in buccal epithelium/ lip mucosa.
- Use ocular micrometer to measure micro objects.

B.Sc. Semester - III

Paper - V Life and Diversity of Animals - Chordates (Protochordata to Amphibia)

By the end of this programme, the students will be able to understand

- General characters and classification up to classes: Protochordata, Pisces, Amphibia, & Agnatha
- · The Morphology and anatomy of Herdmania, Amphioxus.
- Retrogressive metamorphosis of ascidian tadpole of Herdmania.
- Scales of fishes ,origin of paired fins ,migration and accessory respiratory organs and Embryology.
- Parental care and Neotony in Amphibia . Frog Embryology & Development of respiratory organs & Aortic arches in frog .

Paper - VI- Genetics

By the end of this programme, the students will be able to understand

- Mendelian Principles& laws, Interaction of genes, quantitative genetics & extra nuclear genome.
- Cytoplasmic inheritance, Linkage and crossing over.
- Concepts of genes & Genetic disorders in human.
- Sex determination,. Gene mutations & Lethal genes.
- Population genetics, Genetic counseling & Applied genetics

PRACTICAL - II

Section A: Life and Diversity of Animals - Chordates (Protochordata to Amphibia)

By the end of this programme, the students will be able to

- Identify, classify and distinguish the characters and adaptive features of animals from Urochordata, Cephalochordata, Cyclostomata, Pisces & Amphibia
 Describe Digestive system, Reproductive system & Brain of locally available culturable Fish.
- Explain the histology of Amphioxus and embryology of Frog from the permanent slides.
- Prepare the permanent stained slide .

Section B: Genetics

- · Uunderstand monohybrid and dihybrid ratio
- Study of normal human karyotype (Normal male and female)
- Study characters and karyotypes of Syndromes. Study the genetic traits.

B.Sc. Semester IV

Paper - VII- Life and Diversity of Animals - Chordates (Reptilia, Aves and Mammals)

By the end of this programme, the students will be able to

- Identify, classify and distinguish the characters and adaptive features of. animals from Reptilia, Aves & Mammals.
- understand Poison apparatus, biting mechanism, snake venom and its importance.
- understand Comparison of Ratitae and Caranitae, Flight adaptations and migration
- understand theories of evolution & genetic basis of evolution.
- understand Adaptations in animals.
- · understand Races in Man
- understand Comparative account of aortic arches and heart in Reptiles, Birds and Mammals
- understand embyology of Mammals & chick
- · understand Stem cells.
- understand Biological clock: Diurnal and rhythmic behavior in birds and mammals
- understand the Role of pheromones in reproductive behavior

Paper VIII- Molecular Biology and Immunology

By the end of this programme, the students will be able to understand

- Structure & properties of DNA, RNA as genetic material; DNA replication.
- Recombination in Bacteria. Genetic code & Protein synthesis. Gene regulation
- Concepts of immunity, Structure, types and functions of Antigen & Antibody.
- Antigen-antibody interaction . Types of immune response.
- Complement system, Cytokines,. Autoimmunity and immunodeficiency

PRACTICAL - IV

Section A: Life and Diversity of Animals - Chordates (Reptilia, Aves and Mammals)

By the end of this programme, the students will be able to understand

- Identify, classify and distinguish the characters and adaptive features of animals from Chordates (Reptilia, Aves and Mammals)
- · skeleton of Rabbit and Fowl.
- chick embryology from W.M.
- Filoplume & skin of Bird, Skin of Mammal.

Section B: Molecular Biology and Immunology Molecular Biology

By the end of this programme, the students will be able to

- · perform staining of DNA and RNA from blood smear of various animals.
- understand basic laboratory instruments and equipments.
- 3) perform calculations of Molarity and normality of solutions .
- Isolate Genomic DNA from any available source.

Immunology

- Determine blood groups in humans.
- Perform Antigen Antibody interaction by double diffusion method (Ouchterlony).
- · Study of histological slides of organs of immune system.

B.Sc. Semester V

Paper IX- General Mammalian Physiology

By the end of this program, the students will understand the:

- Importance of vitamins & Enzymes-biocatalyst,
 - Glands and hormones associated with digestion, and explain the physiology of digestion, respiration, circulation
 - Blood pressure, E.C.G. & working of Heart. Composition of blood, respiratory pigments in mammals

Paper X- Applied Zoology

Students will get knowledge and will be able to:

- Establish their own aquaculture unit, aquarium. Culture prawn and oyster (for pearl).
- Identify insects pest (agriculture and veterinary).apply ways to control them
- Understand the types of Silkworm, their Life cycle and economic importance.
- Establish their own sericulture, apiculture, lac culture units.

PRACTICAL V

Section A: General Mammalian Physiology - I

Section A: General Mammalian Physiology - I

By the end of this programme, the students will be able to:

- Detect the action of salivary amylase on starch.
- Detect the presence of carbohydrates, proteins, Lipids, Vitamin A and Vitamin C in given sample.
- · Measure lung capacity.
- Prepare slide of Haemin crystal.
- Total WBC and RBC count from blood.
- Understand histology of digestive and lungs.

Section B : Applied Zoology -I (Aquaculture and Economic Entomology) Aquaculture:

By the end of this programme, the students will be able to:

- Collect and identify Freshwater edible fishes & Aquarium fishes.
- explain the digestive, reproductive systems and brain with pituitary of culturable fishes & the Gonosomatic index
- Fabricate and set up own aquarium

• Mount the Scales of fishes, zooplankton.

B.Sc. Semester VI

Paper -XI- General Mammalian Physiology

By the end of this program, the students will receive knowledge and they will be able to understand the:

- E.M. structure ,types of Neurons & conduction of nerve impulse .
- · Ultrastructure & properties of striated muscle.
- Muscle contraction- sliding filament theory. Structure & function of uriniferous tubule
- Normal and abnormal constituents of urine, dialysis, Structure and functions of endocrine glands
 - .Oestrous and menstrual cycle ,male and female sex hormones , Contraceptives Causes of infertility ,In-vitro fertilization.

Paper - XII -Applied Zoology II

(Biotechniques, Microtechnique, Biotechnology, Bioinformatics and Biostatistics)

By the end of this programme students will able to understand:

- Sterilization methods, Separation of biomolecules; Chromatography (Elementary idea), Electrophoresis.
- Principles of colorimeter and spectrophotometers.
- The microtechnique procedure.*
- · Histochemical staining techniques for carbohydrates, proteins and lipids .
- Recombinant DNA technology, application of biotechnology: Insulin and vaccine production.
- Bioinformatics: Definition, Basic concepts ,importance and its role in life sciences
 & Bioinformatics databases.
- Biostatistics.

PRACTICAL VI

By the end of this programme, the students will be able

- To detect of urea, albumin, sugar and creatinin from urine.
- To count the sperms from given semen sample.
- To describe the endocrine glands of culturable fishes
- To identify and explain the histology of kidney, endocrine glands, uterus, placenta, nerve fibre, muscles of mammals.
- To separate amino acids by paper chromatography
- To separate proteins by electrophoresis technique
- · To develop skill in microtechnique.
- To demonstrate the carbohydrates, proteins and lipids by histochemical methods
- To determine mean, mode, median from a given biostatistical data
- To represent statistical data graphically using computers.
- Physiology helps to understand the mechanism or working of body, its systems, its tissues, the cells and the biomolecules.
- It helps to understand how homeostasis is maintained in body, in response to changes in environmental factors.
- It helps to understand processes of life in healthy and diseased states.
- Bioinformatics is the currently popular term for the application of computational and analytical methods to biological problems.
- To study the origin of diseases at molecular level the study of molecular data (i.e DNA, RNA & Proteins), its analysis and interpretation is done with the help of computational biology or bioinformatics.
- The information of gene structure, gene sequence and expression, protein structure and function can then be applied to gene-based drug discovery and development, development of anti microbial agents and vaccines.
- application of bioinformatics programs is very useful, easier, and shorter process
 and at much lower cost.

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